SECOND CHANCE ANIMAL SERVICES, INC. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 WITH

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors **Second Chance Animal Services, Inc.** East Brookfield, MA

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Second Chance Animal Services**, **Inc.** (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Second Chance Animal Services**, **Inc.** as of December 31, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of **Second Chance Animal Services**, **Inc.** and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about **Second Chance Animal Services**, **Inc.'s** ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **Second Chance Animal Services**, **Inc.'s** internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about **Second Chance Animal Services**, **Inc.'s** ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited **Second Chance Animal Services**, **Inc.'s** 2022 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated April 4, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Stolberg, Ebbeling & Blanchette, UP Worcester, Massachusetts

March 8, 2024

Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2023 (With Summarized Financial Information for 2022)

Assets				
		2023		2022
Current assets				
Cash	\$	1,190,759	\$	763,467
Program service fees receivable, net		53,348		23,770
Inventory		207,634		196,622
Prepaid expenses		27,810		21,711
		1,479,551		1,005,570
Property and equipment				
Land		274,958		274,958
Buildings		1,882,407		1,882,407
Equipment		1,482,031		1,331,354
Furniture and fixtures		6,337		6,337
Motor vehicles		370,776		370,776
Leasehold improvements		951,594		925,846
		4,968,103		4,791,678
Less - accumulated depreciation		1,796,545		1,529,686
	-	3,171,558	<u> </u>	3,261,992
Investments		1,981,735	P hilipping	913,871
Total assets		6,632,844		5,181,433
Liabilities and N	et Assets			
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	115,678	\$	76,285
Accrued expenses		128,054		118,957
Credit card payable		60,570		90,477
		304,302		285,719
Net assets				
Without donor restrictions		5,849,591		4,662,590
With donor restrictions		478,951		233,124
		6,328,542		4,895,714
Total liabilities and net assets	_\$	6,632,844	\$	5,181,433

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Summarized Financial Information for 2022)

Total Total 2023 2022	5,405,908 \$ 4,678,408		1,558,602 693,917 279,328 575			24 12,641	87,864 (162,670)	- 53,000	19,650 31,537	1	2,815,744 1,794,733	8,221,652 6,473,141		6,198,329 5,866,436	341,336 311,303	249,159 237,087	6,788,824 6,414,826	1,432,828 58,315	4,895,714 4,837,399	6,328,542 \$ 4,895,714
With Donor Restrictions	· ·		642,100	ı	ı	ľ	1	1		(396,273)	245,827	245,827		ı	ı		1	245,827	233,124	\$ 478,951
Without Donor Restrictions	\$ 5,405,908		916,502	733,906	136,370	24	87,864	1	19,650	396,273	2,569,917	7,975,825		6,198,329	341,336	249,159	6,788,824	1,187,001	4,662,590	\$ 5,849,591
	Program revenue	Other revenue	Contributions of rosh and other imancial assets Contributions of nonfinancial assets	Grants	Fundraising	Interest	Net investment gain (loss)	Gain on sale of property and equipment	Other income	Net assets released from restrictions		Total revenues	Expenses	Program services	General and administrative	Fundraising		Increase in net assets	Net assets, beginning of year	Net assets, end of year

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements

Statement of Functional Expenses
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Summarized Financial Information for 2022)

	Program	ram	General and	land	<u> </u>			Total		Total	
	Services	ices	Administrative	ranve	run	rungraising		\$707		7707	
Salaries	\$ 3,2	3,267,645	~	231,050	↔	152,770	↔	3,651,465	€>	3,246,657	
Supplies	1,2	1,255,690		1		42,628		1,298,318		1,480,931	
Depreciation	(1	238,808		16,886		11,165		266,859		238,503	
Payroll taxes	(1	293,738		20,795		13,749		328,282		287,288	
Outreach		180,507				ī		180,507		187,282	
Occupancy		128,347		9,075		6,001		143,423		131,131	
Insurance		87,909		5,938		1		93,847		87,224	
Outside services	7	444,617		15,287				459,904		390,675	
Employee benefits		104,986		7,423		4,908		117,317		100,840	
Bank and credit card fees		87,331		1		1		87,331		78,211	
Professional fees				30,175		ı		30,175		28,740	
Printing and postage		18,646		2,376		16,535		37,557		42,200	
Transportation		20,794		ı		Ī		20,794		31,857	
Repairs and maintenance		15,014		1		Í		15,014		13,905	
Office expenses		12,614		1		218		12,832		20,312	
Internet and website		25,350		1,792		1,185		28,327		26,944	
Miscellaneous		297		ı		1		297		364	
Bad debt expense (recovery)		(1,744)		1		Ī		(1,744)		7,666	
Travel		9,803				1		9,803		7,998	
Seminars and training		7,977		539		I		8,516		11,098	
	\$ 6,1	6,198,329	\$	341,336	↔	249,159	∽	6,788,824	S	6,414,826	

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Summarized Financial Information for 2022)

			
		2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities			
Increase in net assets	\$	1,432,828	\$ 58,315
Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets			
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		266,859	238,503
Gain on sale of property and equipment		-	(53,000)
Decrease in allowance for uncollectible accounts		(9,000)	(5,000)
Donated equipment and construction services			
included in contributions		-	(22,800)
Net investment (gain) loss		(87,864)	162,670
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:			
Prepaid expenses		(6,099)	(18,266)
Inventory		(11,012)	(18,830)
Program service fee receivable		(20,578)	11,514
Other receivable		-	211,200
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Accounts payable		39,393	9,909
Accrued expenses		9,097	18,083
Credit card payable		(29,907)	41,639
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,583,717	633,937
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of short-term investments		(980,000)	(240,000)
Purchases of property and equipment		(176,425)	(334,469)
Proceeds received from sale of property and equipment		-	53,000
Net cash used for investing activities		(1,156,425)	(521,469)
Net increase in cash		427,292	112,468
Cash - beginning of year		763,467	650,999
Cash - end of year	\$	1,190,759	\$ 763,467

Continued --

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Summarized Financial Information for 2022)

	2	023	2022
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest	\$	Ma	 -
Summary of non-cash transactions Donated equipment and construction services	\$	_	\$ 22,800

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Nature of Activities

Second Chance Animal Services, Inc. (the Organization), a Massachusetts not-for-profit corporation, is dedicated to providing shelter for unwanted animals until a suitable home can be found and full-service veterinary services for the public with subsidized pricing available for those who qualify. The Organization provides spay and neuter services, an adoption program, veterinary services and vaccination clinics to animals in Massachusetts. During 2023, the Organization helped over 49,000 animals which included 7,803 spay and neuter procedures and facilitated 1,322 adoptions. The Organization is supported primarily through service fees, donor contributions and grants.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Method of Accounting

The Organization maintains its accounting records and prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-13, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments," and additional amendments which together hereinafter are referred to as ASC Topic 326. The new guidance revises the accounting requirements related to the measurement of credit losses and requires entities to use an expected loss methodology instead of an incurred loss methodology for financial assets, including trade receivables, based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts about collectability. Assets must be presented in the financial statements at the net amount expected to be collected.

The Organization adopted ASC Topic 326 effective January 1, 2023, using the modified retrospective method. Upon adoption, the Organization determined there was no cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings. The prior period information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect prior to adoption of ASC Topic 326. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Organization's financial statements.

Financial Statement Presentation

The Organization presents information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classifications of net assets as follows:

<u>Without Donor Restrictions</u> — Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations over which the Organization's Board of Directors (the Board) has discretionary control. The Board may elect to designate such resources for specific purposes. These designations may be removed at the Board's discretion.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

<u>With Donor Restrictions</u> — Net assets with donor restrictions include resources accumulated through donations or grants for specific operating or capital purposes, or are subject to the restriction in perpetuity that the principal be invested. Investment income may be reported as either with or without donor restrictions when earned, determined according to the gift instruments. The Organization currently has no net assets with perpetual restrictions.

The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset category. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Organization's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 from which the summarized information was derived.

Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash. Cash and short-term investments held in the investment account are reported as investments instead of cash because the Organization holds those funds as part of its investments.

Program Service Fees Receivable, net

Program service fees receivable are presented at their amortized cost adjusted for any write-offs and net of an allowance for credit losses. The Organization maintains an allowance for credit losses, which represent an estimate of expected credit losses over the remaining contractual life of its receivables considering current conditions and supportable forecasts when appropriate. The estimate is a result of the Organization's ongoing assessments and evaluations of collectability, historical loss experience, and future expectations in estimating credit losses in each of its receivable portfolios. The Organization uses historical loss experience rates by portfolio and applies them to a related aging analysis while also considering customer and/or economic risk where appropriate. Determination of the proper amount of allowances by portfolio requires management to exercise judgment about the timing, frequency and severity of credit losses that could materially affect the provision for credit losses and, as a result, net earnings. The allowances take into consideration numerous quantitative and qualitative factors that include receivable type, historical loss experience, delinquency trends, collection experience, current conditions, supportable forecasts, when appropriate, and credit risk characteristics. The Organization evaluates the credit risk of the customer when extending credit based on a combination of various financial and qualitative factors that may affect its customers' ability to pay. These factors may include the customer's financial condition and past payment experience.

Management performs detailed reviews of its receivables on a monthly basis to assess the adequacy of the allowances and to determine if any impairment has occurred.

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Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Program Service Fees Receivable, net (Continued)

A receivable generally has credit losses when it is expected that all amounts related to the receivable will not be collected according to the contractual terms of the agreement. Amounts determined to be uncollectable are charged directly against the allowances, while amounts recovered on previously written off accounts increase the allowances.

See Note 4 for further information on program services fees and allowances for credit losses.

Inventory

Inventory, which consists primarily of dietary foods and medicine, are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out method. Donated items are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Property and Equipment and Depreciation

Property and equipment are stated at cost, if purchased or at fair value at the date of gift, if donated, less accumulated depreciation. Additions with a cost or fair value of less than \$1,000 are expensed.

Donated property and equipment are reported as contributions without donor restrictions unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as contributions with donor restrictions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the Organization reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service. The Organization reclassifies net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions at that time.

Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from five to thirty-nine years.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

The Organization's long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment in accordance with U.S. GAAP whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of the long-lived asset is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the varying amount of the assets exceeds the estimated fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reportable at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value, less costs associated with the sale. The Organization has determined that no long-lived assets are impaired at December 31, 2023.

Continued--

Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments

The Organization carries investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair value and all investments in certificate of deposits at their fair values or similar instruments based on quoted prices in active markets (all Level 1 measurements, see Note 5) in the statement of financial position. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near-term would materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

Gains or losses on investments are reported in the statements of activities as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions if their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulations or by law.

Revenue Recognition

The Organization's accountings for revenues on contracts with its customers is based on a single comprehensive five-step model that requires reporting entities to: 1.) identify the contract; 2.) identify the performance obligations of the contract; 3.) determine the transaction price of the contract; 4.) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and 5.) recognize revenue when, or as, we satisfy performance obligations. Our program revenue is generated substantially from providing spay and neuter services, adoption programs, veterinary services and vaccinations to animals. These services contain a single delivery element and revenue is recognized at a single point in time when the services are complete, payment is received and/or ownership, risks and rewards are transferred. There are occasions when payment is not provided at the time of service and credit is provided. The program fee receivable at December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 was \$64,348, \$43,770 and \$55,284, respectively.

Contributions and Grants

Contributions and grants are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. Contributions and grants that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions and grants are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends, or purpose restriction is accomplished, the net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contributed Services and Materials

The Organization received the following gifts-in-kind for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	2023	2022
Legal services	\$ 3,635	\$ 5,332
Advertising services	120,408	130,378
Construction services	17,910	22,800
Other in-kind	137,375	405,066
	\$ 279,328	\$ 563,576

The Organization's policy related to gifts-in-kind is to utilize the assets given to carry out the mission of the Organization. If an asset is provided that does not allow the Organization to utilize it in its normal course of business, the asset will be included as an auction item at special events or sold at its fair market value as determined by appraisal or specialist depending on the type of asset.

The Organization was provided legal and advertising services at no cost and values those services at current market rates.

The Organization renovated and made improvements to their buildings. As part of the renovation a local school and business donated materials and labor.

All gifts-in-kind received by the Organization for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were considered without donor restrictions and able to be used by the Organization as determined by the board of directors and management.

Many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist the Organization and its facilities. Management estimates that it received more than 15,000 volunteer hours from 570 volunteers in 2023. The volunteer hours have not been recorded in the statement of activity.

Income Taxes

The Organization is organized as a Massachusetts nonprofit corporation and has been recognized by the IRS as exempt from federal income taxes under IRC Section 501(c)(3). Thus it qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under IRC Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). The organization is annually required to file a Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS. In addition, the entities are subject to income tax on net income that is derived from business activities that are unrelated to their exempt purposes. Management has determined that the Organization is not subject to unrelated business income tax and has not filed an Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return (Form 990-T) with the IRS.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Functional Expense Allocations

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to program or supporting functions. These expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Compensation and benefits are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort. Other costs are charged to the specific functions or distributed based on personnel allocations.

Advertising

Advertising and awareness outreach costs are expensed as incurred and totaled \$180,507 and \$187,282 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain accounts previously reported in the 2022 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on 2022 increase in net assets as previously reported.

Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through March 8, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure that is without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date are comprised of the following:

	2023	2022
Cash	\$ 1,190,759	\$ 763,467
Program services fees receivable, net	53,348	23,770
Investments	1,981,735	913,871
Less with donor restrictions	(478,951)	 (233,124)
	\$ 2,746,891	\$ 1,467,984

The Organization monitors its cash position on a regular basis to ensure that adequate funds are available for general expenditures. As part of the Organization's liquidity management plan, cash in excess of daily requirements is invested in short-term investments and money market funds. Additionally, as discussed in more detail in Note 7, the Organization maintains a \$100,000 line of credit, of which \$100,000 remained available on December 31, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements

4. Program Service Fees Receivable, net

The Organization's program service fees receivable primarily arise from veterinary services to individuals and the State of Massachusetts with payment terms generally due in 30 days.

The components of the Organization's program service fees receivable are as follows as of December 31:

	2023	2022
Program service fees receivable	\$ 64,348	\$ 43,770
Less - allowance for credit losses	(11,000)	-
Less - allowance for doubtful accounts	 -	(20,000)
Total program service fees receivable, net	\$ 53,348	\$ 23,770

Changes in the Organization's allowance for credit losses and doubtful accounts are as follows for the year ended December 31:

	2023	2022
owance for credit losses and doubtful accounts:		
Beginning balance	\$ 20,000	\$ 25,000
Recoveries	(9,000)	(5,000)
Ending balance	\$ 11,000	\$ 20,000

5. Investments

Investments consist of the following at December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		Decembe	r 31,	2023		Decembe	r 31,	2022
		Cost	F	air Value		Cost	F	air Value
Cash	\$	205,157	\$	205,157	\$	4,289	\$	4,289
Exchange-traded &								
closed end funds		157,153		148,716		102,113		90,975
Certificates of deposits		378,000		378,216		200,000		200,150
Mutual funds		1,274,961	-	1,249,646		748,223		618,457
	\$ 2	2,015,271	\$	1,981,735	\$ 1	,054,625	\$	913,871

Notes to Financial Statements

5. Investments (Continued)

The following schedule summarizes investment returns and their classification in the statement of activities for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

December 31, 2023	R	Without Donor estrictions	D	With Onor trictions		Total	
Interest income	\$	29,492	\$	-	\$	29,492	
Net realized and unrealized gain		66,325		-		66,325	
Investment management fees		(7,953)		-		(7,953)	
Net investment gain	\$	87,864	\$		\$	87,864	
	Without			With Jonor			
December 31, 2022	R	estrictions	Rest	crictions	Total		
Interest income	\$	28,662	\$	-	\$	28,662	
Net realized and unrealized loss		(183,279)		-		(183,279)	
Investment management fees		(8,053)		_		(8,053)	
Net investment loss		(162,670)	\$		Φ.	(162,670)	

6. Fair Value

The Organization measures its financial instruments at fair market value according to U.S. GAAP. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability, i.e., exit price, in an orderly transaction between market participants and also establishes a hierarchy for determining fair value, which emphasizes the use of observable market data whenever available.

The three broad levels defined by the hierarchy are as follows, with the highest priority given to Level 1, as these are most reliable, and the lowest priority given to Level 3:

Level 1 - Valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Valuation is based on observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Valuation is based on unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

Notes to Financial Statements

6. Fair Value (Continued)

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following tables present by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's investment assets at fair value, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022:

December 31, 2023	Total	Level 1	Le	evel 2	Le	evel 3
Investments						
Cash	\$ 205,157	\$ 205,157	\$.	-	\$	-
Exchange-traded &						
closed end funds	148,716	148,716		-		· · · · · ·
Certificate of deposits	378,216	378,216		-		-
Mutual funds	1,249,646	1,249,646		-		
Total investments	\$ 1,981,735	\$ 1,981,735	\$	_	\$	_
December 31, 2022	Total	Level 1	Le	evel 2	Le	evel 3
Investments						
Investments Cash	\$ 4,289	\$ 4,289	\$	-	\$	-
	\$ 4,289	\$ 4,289	\$	-	\$	-
Cash	\$ 4,289 90,975	\$ 4,289 90,975	\$	-	\$	-
Cash Exchange-traded &	\$	\$ ĺ	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -
Cash Exchange-traded & closed end funds	\$ 90,975	\$ 90,975	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -

The stocks and exchange-traded & closed-end funds are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded. Mutual funds include publicly traded funds valued at quoted market prices. There were no changes in the methodologies used to measure assets at fair value during 2023.

7. Line of Credit

The Organization has a \$100,000 demand line of credit secured by the assets of the Organization. Interest is payable monthly at the bank's prime rate plus 1.5% (11.25% at December 31, 2023).

8. Net Assets

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, net assets without donor restrictions consist of undesignated amounts that are generally available for use by the Organization.

Continued --

Notes to Financial Statements

8. Net Assets (Continued)

Net assets with donor restriction are restricted for the following purposes or periods at December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	2023	2022
Growth & expansion	\$ 369,350	\$ · -
Veterinary services	63,346	40,888
Adoptions	26,168	-
Veterinary equipment	20,087	131,017
Recruitment	-	50,000
Worcester renovation	-	7,094
North Brookfield renovation	 -	4,125
	\$ 478,951	\$ 233,124

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of the passage of time or other events specified by the donors. The net assets released from restrictions at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

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Veterinary equipment	\$ 148,930
Growth & expansion	130,650
Veterinary services	54,142
Recruitment	50,000
Worcester renovation	7,095
North Brookfield renovation	4,125
Adoptions	1,331
	\$ 396,273

9. Related-Party Transactions

Legal services are donated from a Firm, wherein a board member is a partner. The amount of the donated legal services amounted to \$3,635 and \$5,332 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

10. ERC Income

The CARES Act provides an employee retention credit (ERC) which is a refundable tax credit against certain employment taxes. The Consolidated Appropriations Act (CAA) extended and expanded the availability of the ERC making the Organization eligible for a retroactive credit subject to meeting certain criteria. In June 2021, the Organization filed an adjusted employer's quarterly federal payroll tax return for the second and third quarter of 2020 requesting an ERC refund totaling \$211,200, which is included in other receivables for the year ended December 31, 2021. The refunds were received in 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

11. Retirement Plan

The Organization has a 403(b) defined contribution pension plan covering substantially all employees. Under the plan, employees can contribute a percentage of their salary, or a fixed dollar amount to the plan. The Organization may agree to make "nonelective" contributions to their employees' 403(b) plans. The Organization did not make a contribution to the pension plan in 2023 or 2022.

12. Concentrations

The Organization has a concentration of credit represented by cash balances in financial institutions which occasionally exceed federal deposit insurance limits. The financial stability of this institution is continually reviewed by senior management.

13. Conditional Promise to Give

During 2023, the Organization received a conditional promise of \$1,100,000, due over three years to support preparing the Organization to expand partially subsidized, accessible services and/or patient capacity, to provide funding and tools to help low-cost veterinary clinics to maintain sustainability. The first payment of \$500,000 was received in 2023 and is included with grants on the statement of activities. The second payment of \$350,000 is contingent upon the Organization's submission of an Interim Impact Report and showing significant progression towards goals, this payment will be distributed on or after November 1, 2024. The third grant payment of \$250,000 is contingent upon the Organization's submission of a second Interim Impact Report and showing significant progression towards goals, this payment will be distributed on or after November 1, 2025.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

In the normal course of operations, the Organization is, from time to time, involved in various legal actions. Management believes that such actions will not have a material adverse effect on the Organization or financial condition.

COVID-19

The Organization continues to monitor the actual and potential impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the business, results of operations and financial condition. To date, the Organization has not experienced significant shutdowns or operational interruptions, however, the ongoing effects of the pandemic may impact the Organization, results of operations and financial condition in future periods. The impact of COVID-19 on operations in future periods remains uncertain and difficult to predict due to the continuing evolving factors. Accordingly, the Organization's business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially impacted.